

Pediatric Pelvic Floor Evaluation

Name: DOB: Age: Date of evaluation: Referred by: Diagnosis:

Chief comp	plaint / onset / symptom progression:	presents with	which
began	. Since that time the problem has		

Medical examination and referral was on and included VCUG and Renal US PVR . UTI's per year.

Surgeries:

Other medical problems:

Medications: Allergies:

Functional Limitations:

Bladder habits/symptoms

Urinary habits includevoids per day and
times perper night.does/notexperience nocturnal enuresistimes per. Urge sensation is/is not present.Warning before urination isminutes.does/not experience any painfulurination. Urinary stream iswith/without hesitancy. Volume of urine passed is. Empty sensation is/not present with/out dribbling after urination.

Fluid intake is per day. There are/ are not any recent dietary changes. Bladder irritants include

Bowel habits/symptoms

Bowel Habits include bowel movements per . Consistency is with/without straining. Leakage of feces or staining occurs times per which a amount of loss. Fiber intake is . Patient rates the severity of the problem on a 0-10 scale with 10 being the worst. Parent/child feels his/her bladder is controlling his/her life on a 0-10 scale with 10 being the worst. Childs understanding of the problem is .

Summary of evaluation findings:

Musculoskeletal:

Pelvic Floor:External exam-The perineum presents with
position isskin irritation. Rest
pelvic floor awarenesswithaccessory muscle substitution. Relaxation after contraction is
relaxation of the pelvic floor with Valsalva maneuver. Anal wink is.

SEMG biofeedback of the pelvic floor muscles using surface perianal electrodes reveals contraction and relaxation awareness. Session recorded.

	Pelvic Floor	Comments
Baseline resting tone	micro volts	
Work / Rest	Work average	
5 sec work, 5 sec rest for		
10 repetitions	Rest average	
Recruitment / Relaxation		
patterns		

Additional Information/findings:

Assessment	/Functional Limitations: Signs and symptoms of	with pelvic floor
muscle	dysfunction. Patient rehabilitation potential is	Ĩ

Patient Goals:

Treatment Goals: patient will be able to:

- 1. Decrease urinary leakage episodes by %.
- 2. Decrease nocturnal enuresis by %.
- 3. Decrease fecal incontinence/soiling by
- 4. Increase pelvic floor muscle endurance to 10 seconds.
- 5. Increase pelvic muscle awareness/ isolation ability.
- 6. Coordinate use of the pelvic floor with functional activities that cause symptoms.

%.

- 7. Improve sensation of urinary and or bowel urge.
- 8. Identify bladder irritants and correct fluid intake.
- 9. Describe normal voiding frequency and patterns.
- 10. Patient able to self manage symptoms with home exercise/management program.
- 11. Functional goals: Perform school, recreational activities and ADL activities without leakage.

times per week for	weeks. Total
	times per week for

visits.

Patient related information / education / ADL training:

- 1. Bladder and pelvic floor anatomy & function.
- 2. Bladder health, dietary irritants and review of urine log.
- 3. ADL training, voiding schedule, bowel program as needed.
- 4. Controlling urinary urge and bladder retraining as indicated by bladder diary with school schedule.
- 5. Constipation management program.
- 6. Skin Care/ proper wiping.
- Therapeutic exercise instruction for pelvic floor muscle strength and relaxation.

Neuromuscular reeducation pelvic floor muscles for awareness.

SEMG Biofeedback of pelvic floor musculature.

Independent home exercise program.

Reevaluation as needed.

Other

Minutes of evaluation & treatment/education rendered.

Therapist:

License #

Date: